The Indianapolis Commission Co BROKERS.

Grain, Provisions and Stocks. Quick trades Immediate settlements. COMMERCIAL CLUB BUILDING Branch-Denison Hotel. Tel. 1375.

WALL STREET REPORT

The Bank Statement Continues to Grow More Favorable.

However, There Is a Depression to Business on 'Change and Shares Are Tending Downward.

At New York Saturday money on call was easy at 2021/2 per cent., the last loan being at 2, closing offered at 21/2.

Prime mercantile paper, 71/2@12 per cent. Sterling exchange was dull and weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.86 @4.861/4 for demand and \$4.811/4@4.841/2 for sixty-day bills. Posted rates, \$4.85@4.87; commercial bills, \$4.82%@4.83.

The loan committee of the clearing house Saturday canceled \$240,000 of loan certificates and called for redemption on Monday of \$600,000 more, making the total called for Monday \$720,000. The total outstanding is now \$25,075,000.

The stock of silver bullion in the open market is not very large, and the shipments have of late decreased materially. This state of affairs is due to the closing of the leading Western silver mines, and no large addition to the supply is to be expected until the price of silver advances sufficiently to allow of a profit on the op-34%d. Silver certificates quoted at 731/4@

The New York weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase...... \$6,510,550 The banks now hold \$24,120,501 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent.

The week closed on the Stock Exchange as it opened-heavy, and with a downward tendency. The quotations made Saturday morning were generally at an advance of a fraction, and during the first hour the figures moved upward. The buying, however, was not of a very strong character. Whisky was most active in the dealings, and moved independently of the general list. The depression in the stock was due to denials of the reported action of the ways and means committee of the House of Representatives relative to the spirits tax. The purchases were based on a belief that the tax was certain to be raised, even though the committee had not as yet actually voted upon the question. There was a good volume of business in Sugar, which fluctuated between 90% and 88%, closing at 89, a decline of % per cent. The rest of the active list moved within narrow limits. The general market was depressed in the late dealings, and was weak at the close.

The bond market was, in the main, strong, and advances were recorded in a number of issues. Government bonds were steady. State bonds were dull. Closing quotations

Four per cent. reg.110	Louis. & Nash 5158
Four per ct. coup111	L. & New Albany. 1419
Pacific 6's of '95102	Missouri Pacific. 2318
Atchison 2012	N. J. Control 1071
Adams Express135	
	Northern Pacific. 612
	N. Pacific pref 25
Alton & T.H. pref. 150	Northwestern 99
American Expr'ss.107	Northwest'rn pr'f.138
Ches. & Ohlo 1659	N. Y. Central 101
U., B. & Q 824	Peoria, D. & E. 8
C., C., C. & St. L 35	Pullman Palaca 169
Del., Lack. &.W14919	Rock Island 641.
Fort Wayne146	II S Everage 50
Lake Erie & W 1512	W St T 6 D
L. E. & W. pref 6612	W. St. L. & P
Lake Shore	W., St. L. & P. pref 1538
Lake Shore122	Wells-Fargo Ex135
Lead Trust 2558	Western Union 8112

INDIANAPOLIS GRAIN AND PRODUCE. A Good Average Week of Business on

the Street-Grain Still Dull. The week closing Saturday has been a very satisfactory one to wholesale dealers generally. The steady downpour of rain with which the week closed interfered with business on Commercial row, but dry goods dealers and grocers both reported a very satisfactory trade throughout the week, while on Saturday all the grocery houses were shipping out large orders. With this general activity there is great steadiness in prices, and the general tone and character of business are pleasing to merchants and dealers. The trade in country produce is restricted by rather light receipts, and prices for everything hold strong. On 'Change, on Saturday, the usual dullness prevailed. Receipts of all cereals continue very light. The inspections on Saturday were but twelve cars of wheat, eight of corn and two of oats. The closing bids on

Wheat-No. 2 red, 61c; No. 3 red, 57c; rejected, by sample, 40@50c; wagon, 60c. Corn-No. 1 white, 394c; No. 2 white, 894c; No. 3 white, 39c; No. 4 white, 30@35c; No. 2 white, mixed, 39c; No. 3 white, mixed, 88½c; No. 6 white, mixed, 30@35c; No. 2 yellow, 38½s; No. 3 yellow, 38c; No. 4 yellow, 30@35c; No. 4 yellow, 30@35c; No. 4 mixed, 38½c; No. 3 mixed, 38c; No. 4 mixed, 30@35c; ear corn,

Oats-No. 2 white, 31c; No. 3 white, 29%c; No. 2 mixed, 28%c; No. 3 mixed, 27%c; rejected, 23@25c. Hay-Choice timothy, \$12.50; No. 1, \$12.50; No. 2, \$10.50; No. 1 prairie, \$6.75; mixed, \$8; Rye-No. 2, 45c for car lots; 40c for wagon rye.

Bran, \$12. Poultry and Other Produce.

(Prices Paid by Dealers.) Poultry-Hens, 7c per 1b; young chickens, 7c per 1b; turkeys, toms, 6c per 1b; hens, &c per lb; fancy large young turkeys, 8c; small and poor, 5c; ducks, 6c per 1b; geese, \$4.20 per doz. for choice. Eggs-Shippers paying 17c. Butter-Grass butter, choice, 15@17c;

Feathers-Prime geese, 40c per 1b; mixed duck, 20e per lb. Beeswax-20c for yellow; 15c for dark. Wool-Unwashed medium wool, 16c un-

washed coarse or braid, 12@14c; unwashed fine merino, 10@13c; tub-washed, 18@23c; burry and cotted wool, 3c to 6c less than above prices. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC. Hides-No. 1 green hides, 24c; No. 1 G. S.

hides, 3½c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 3½c; No. 1 calf hides, 5c; No. 2 calf hides, 3½c.
Tallow-No. 1 tallow, 4c; No. 2 tallow, Grease-White, 41/2c; yellow, 31/2c; brown, Bones-Dry, \$12@13 per ton.

THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices of wholesale dealers.) Candies and Nuts.

Candies-Stick, 7c per 1b; common mixed, 7c; G. A. R. mixed, 8c; Banner mixed, 10c; cream mixed, 10b₂c; old-time mixed, 8c.
Nuts-Soft-shelled almonds, 20c; English walnuts, 16c; Brazil nuts, 10c; filberts, 11c; peanuts, roasted, 7@8c; mixed nuts, 15c.

Canned Goods. Peaches - Standard, 3-pound, \$1.85@2; 3-pound seconds, \$1.40@1.50; 3-pound pie, 90@95c; California standard, \$2.25@2.50; Cal-Hornia seconds, \$1.85@2. Miscelianeous -Blackberries, 2-pound, \$5035c; raspberries, 2-pound, \$1.20@1.25; pineapple, standard, 2-pound, \$1.25@1.35; choice, \$2@2.25; cove oysters, 1-pound, full weight, \$1@1.10; light, 70@75c; 2-pound full, \$202.10; light, \$1.90@ 1.30; string beans, 85,000c; Lima beans, \$1.10 @1.30; peas, marrowfat, \$1.10@1.20; early June, \$1.25@1.50; lobsters, \$1.85@2; red cherries, \$1.20@1.25; strawberries, \$1.20@1.30; salmon (lbs), \$1.45@2.20; 3-pound tomatoes,

Coal and Coke.

Anthracite coal, all sizes, \$7.50 per ton; Pittsburg and Raymond City, \$4.25 per ton; Jackson, \$4.25; block, \$3.25; Island City, \$3; Blossburg and English cannel, \$5. All nut coals 50c below above quotations. Coke - Connelisville, \$3.75 per load; crushed, \$3.25 per load; lump, \$3 per load.

Drugs. Alcohol, \$2.14@2.40; asafetida, 34c; alum, 5c; camphor, 55460c; cochineal, 50455c chloroform, 604765c; copperas, brls, \$1@1.10; cream tartar, pure, 26@28c; indigo, 80@81c; corice. Calab, genuine. 30@45c: magnesia. | any address for 25 cents.

carb., 2-oz, 25@25c; morphine, P. & W., per oz, \$2.45; madder, 14@16c; oil, castor, per gal, \$1.25@1.30; oil, bergamot, per fb, \$3.50; opium, \$3.10; quinine, P. & W., per oz, 29@40c; balsam copabia, 60@65c; soap, castile, Fr., 12@16c; soda, bicarb., 44@6c; salts, Epsom, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, 8@20c; turpentine, 36@40c; giycerine, 16@20c; iodide potassium, \$3@3.10; bromdie potassium, 38@40c; chlorate potash, 25c; borax, 12@14c; cinchonidia, 12@15c; carbolic acid, 22@26c.

Oils-Linseed oil, 37@40c per gal; coal oil, legal test, 7@14c: bank, 40c; best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia lubricating, 20 @30c; miners, 45c. Lard oils-Winter strained, in barrels, 80c per gal; in half barrels, 30c per gal extra. Dried Fruits.

Figs-Layer, 14@15c per 15.
Peaches-Common sun-dried, 7@8c per 15;
common evaporated, 14@16c; California Apricots-Evaporated, 16@18c. Prunes-Turkish, 8@9c per 1b; California,

Currants—5½@6c per fb.
Raisins—Loose Muscatel, \$1.75@1.85 per
box; London layer, \$1.85@2 per box; Valencia, 8@8½c per fb; layer, 9@10c.

Dry Goods. Bleached Sheetings — Androscoggin L, 6½c; Berkeley, No. 60, 9c; Cabot, 7c; Capital, 6c; Cumberland, 7½c; Dwight Anchor, 8½c; Fruit of Loom, 8c; Farwell, 7½c; Fitchville, 6½c; Full Width, 5½c; Gilt Edge, 6c; Gilded Age, 7c; Hill, 7½c; Hope, 7c; Linwood, 7½c; Lonsdale, 8c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10½c; Masonville, 8½c; Peabody, 6c; Pride of the West, 11½c; Quinebaugh, 6½c; Star of the Nation, 6c; Ten Strike, 6½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 18c; Pepperell, 10-4, 20c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 20½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 22½c.

Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 6½c; Argyle, 6c; Boott C, 5c; Buck's Head, 6½c; Clifton CCC, 5½c; Constitution, 40-inch, 7½c; Carlisle, 40-inch, 7c; Dwight Star, 7½c; Great Falls E, 6c; Great Falls J, 5c; Hill Fine, 7c; Indian Head, 6½c; Lawrence LL, 4¾c; Lockwood B, 6c; A, 5½c; Princess, 5¾c; Saranac R, 6½c; Trion Sea Island, 5c; Pepperell E, 6½c; Pepperell R, 5¾c; Pepperell 9-4, 16c; Pepperell 10-4, 18c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 18½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 20½c.

Prints—Allen dress styles, 5½c; Allen's staples, 5c; Allen TR, 5½c; Allen robes, 5½c; American indigo, 5c; American robes, 5½c; American shirtings, 4c; Arnold meri-5½c; American shirtings, 4c; Arnold merino, 6½c; Arnold LLC, 7½c; Arnold LCB, 8½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 19c; Cocheco fancy, sufficiently to allow of a profit on the operation of the mines: Bar silver last week advanced from 73c to 74c per ounce, the latter figures being the closing price on Saturday. Mexican dollars are worth 58%c. At London bar silver is quoted at 734.00 Silver certificates 5½c: Simpson's mournings, 5½c. Ginghams — Amoskeag Staples, Amoskeag Persian Dress, 6½c; Bates War-wick Dress, 6½c; Johnson BF Fancies, 8½c; Lancaster, 5¾c; Lancaster Normandies, 6½c; Carrolton, 4¾c; Renfrew Dress, 7½c; Whittenton Heather, 6½c; Calcutta

Dress Styles, 51gc. Prime Cambrics-Manville, 4%c; S. S. & Son's, 4½c; Masonville, 4¾c; Garner, 4¾c.
Tickings—Amoskeag, ACA, 12½c; Conestoga, BF, 14½c; Cordis, 140, 13½c; Cordis,
FT, 13½c; Cordis, ACE, 12½c; Hamilton awning, 16½c; Kimono Fancy, 17c; Lenox Fancy, 18c; Methuen AA, 12c; Oakland, 200, 7½c; Oakland, 250, 7½c; Oakland, AF, 7c;
Portsmouth 12½c; Susquehanna 14½c; She-Portsmouth, 121/2c; Susquehanna, 141/2c; Shetucket SW, 71/2c; Shetucket F, 8c; Swift River, 51/2c. Grain Bags-Amoskeag, \$15.50; American, \$15.50; Franklinville, \$18; Harmony, \$15.50;

Groceries. Sugar-Hard sugars, 64@71/2c; confectioners' A, 5%@61/2c; off A, 6@61/2c; A 5%@61/2c; extra C, 54@5%c; yellow C, 4%@5%c; dark yellow, 4%04%c. Coffee-Good, 20@20½c; prime, 22@23c; strictly prime, 24@26½c; fancy green and yellows, 26@27c; ordinary Java, 29@80c; old government Java, 33@34c; roasted 1-lb packages, 24%c. Molasses and Syrups-New Orleans molasses, fair to prime, 30@40c; choice, 40@

Stark, \$19.50.

45c; syrups, 25@35c. Beans-Choice hand-picked navy, \$2.20@ 2.30 per bu; medium hand-picked, \$2.15@2.25; limas, California, 5c per 1b. Rice-Louisiana, 3% 35c; Carolina, 4%@ Honey-New York stock, 1-1b sections, 16 @18c per 10. Spices-Pepper, 16@18c; allspice, 12@15c; cloves, 20@25c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmegs, 80@ Salt-In car lots, 80@85c; small lots, 90@

Twine-Hemp, 12@18c per tb; wool, 8@10c;

flax, 20@30c; paper, 15c; jute, 12@15c; cot-Shot—\$1.50@1.55 per bag for drop. Lead—7@71/2c for pressed bars. Wooden Dishes—No. 1, per 1,000, \$2.20; No. 2, \$2.50; No. 3, \$2.80; No. 5, \$3.50. Flour Sacks (paper)—Plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, \$3.50; 1-16 brl, \$5; ½ brl, \$8; ¼ brl, \$16; No. 2 drab, plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, \$4.25; 1-16, \$6.50; ½, \$10; ½, \$20; No. 1, cream, plian, 1-32, per 1,000, \$7; 1-16, \$8.75; ½, \$14.50; ¼. Extra charge for printing. Woodenware-No. 1 tubs, \$7@1.25; No. tubs, \$6.25; No 3 tubs, \$5@5.25; 3-hoop pails, \$1.70@1.75; 2-hoop pails, \$1.40@1.45; double wash-boards, \$2.25@2.75; common wash-boards, \$1.50@1.85; clothes-pins, 50@85c per

Flour. Straight grades, \$2.70@3; fancy grades, \$2.90@3.15; patent flour, \$3.50@4; low grades, Iron and Steel.

Bar iron, 1.70@1.80c; horseshoe bar, 2%@ 3c; nail rod, 6c; plow slabs, 3c; American cast steel, 9c; tire steel, 2%@3c; spring steel, 41/2@5c. Leather.

Leather-Oak sole, 28@38c; hemlock sole, 22@28c; harness, 26@38c; skirting, 31@33c; single strap, 41c; black bridie, per doz, \$60 @95; fair bridle, \$60@78 per doz; city klp, 55@75c; French kip, 85c@\$1.10; city calf-skins, 85c@\$1; French calfskins, \$1@1.80.

Nails and Horseshoes. Steel cut nails, \$1.40; wire nails, \$1.70 rates; horseshoes, per keg, \$4.25; mule-shoes, per keg, \$5.25; horse nails, \$4@5.

Produce, Fruits and Vegetables. Apples-\$3.25@4.50 per barrel. Cranberries-Cape Cod, \$6@7 per barrel; \$2.25@2.50 per box. Celery-25@35c per bunch. Peaches-Fancy, \$2.76@3 per bu; ordinary,

Sweet Potatoes-Baltimore, \$2.75 per brl; Cabbage—Michigan, \$1.50@1.75 per brl. Onions—90c@\$1 a bu or \$2.75 per brl. Tomatoes-40@50c per bu. Grapes-Concords, 20@30c per 10-pound

basket; Delawares, 40c. Pears-\$1,25@1.50 per bu; \$3@4 per brl. Watermelons-\$10@18 per 100. Quinces-\$4 per bu. Potatoes-\$2.75 per brl, or 90c per bu. Lemons-Choice, \$33.50 per box; fancy,

California Plums-\$1.25@1.50. Bananas-\$1.25@2 per bunch, according to size and quality. Cheese-New York full cream, 121/20181/40; skims, 5@7c per Ib. Provisions.

Bacon-Clear sides, 50 lbs average, 13c; 30 to 40 lbs average, 131/2c; 20 to 30 lbs average, 13%c; clear bellies, 18 to 22 lbs average, 13%c; 12 to 14 lbs average, 14%c; clear backs, 20 to 25 lbs average, 12%c; 12 to 20 lbs average, 13c; light, 9 lbs average, 13%c. Shoulders—English-cured, 12 lbs average, 11½c; 16 fbs average, 10½c. Hams-Sugar-cured, 18 to 20 fbs average, 11%c; 15 lbs average, 11%c; 12% lbs average, 12%c; 10 lbs average, 12%c; block hams,

California Hams-Sugar-cured, 10 to 12 lbs Boneless Hams-Sugar-cured, 10c. Pickled Pork-Bean pork, clear, per brl, 200 lbs, \$25; rump pork, \$19 per brl. Breakfast Bacon-Clear, English-cured.

Lard-Kettle rendered, in tierces, 1214c; Indiana, 11c. Seeds.

Clover-Choice recleaned, 60-th bu, \$5@ 5.50; prime, \$5.50@6; English, choice, \$4.50@ 4.75; Alsike, choice, \$5.50@6; Alfalfa choice 4.75; Alsike, choice, \$5.50@6; Alfalfa, choice, \$5.55@6. Timothy—45-Ib bu, choice, \$2@2.15; strictly prime, \$1.85@2. Blue grass—Fancy, 14-15 bu, \$1.15@1.20; extra clean, 85@90c. Or-chard grass—Extra, \$1.35@1.50. Red top— Choice, 50@60c; extra clean, 38@40c. En-glish blue grass—24-15 bu, \$2.40@2.50.

Tinner's Supplies. Best brand charcoal tin IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, \$7.50; IX, 10x14, 14x20 and 12x12, \$9.50; IC, 14x20, roofing tin, \$6@6.50; IC, 20x28, \$12@ 13; block tin, in pigs, 25c; in bars, 27c. Iron -27 B iron, 3%c; C iron, 5c; galvanized, 70 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 6%@7c. Copper bottoms, 22c. Planished copper, 25c.

Solder, 15@16c. Value of a Reputation,

Philadelphia Inquirer. Have you ever observed that some farmers can get a better price for exactly the same grade of cattle than can be obtained by other men? There is nothing mysterious about it. It is simply because they have a reputation for that kind. This is a principle of profit in cattle grow-ing too much overlooked. Get a reputation for having superior stock all time, and you will always the top price, or a little more, cause there will be some one on the watch to buy your cattle wh'n they come on the market. Use the best class of sires | 18.25. even if you have only grade cows, and it | Butter firmer; State dairy, 19@25c; State will help not only the actual quality of your product, but your reputation as well. A pure bred bull of a high record dairy family you well know will stamp its quality on your dairy herd, and the merits of your cown will become so well known that 101/2/210%c; fancy large, 101/2/210%c; part \$3.25/23.50; best butchers', \$3/23.35. you will be able to procure fancy prices. The same thing holds good, only perhaps not to so pronounced an extent, in breeding beef cattle for market.

SETS of the G. A. R. edition of The Journal, Sept. 2 to 8 inclusive, will be sent to | @1.174.

DROPPED A FRACTION

Rain and Increased Visible Supply Caused Wheat to Decline.

Chicago Brokers Thought Wet Weather Would Help Seeding-Corn Firm and Provisions Dull.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30 .- Rain and a big increase expected in the visible supply caused weakness in the wheat market to-day. That cereal closed 4c under its value at the termination of Friday's market. Corn was firm, but the May futures weakened, and closed a small fraction lower. Oats were heavy and provisions dull but firm.

Wheat, at the opening, was about %c lower than yesterday's closing, advanced 4c, fluctuated slightly and then declined %@1/2c, ruled quiet and closed about 1/2c lower than yesterday. The export clearances from both coasts, although fair, were disappointing, because they fell below the previous week, being 1,237,000 bushels less than last week. Another weakening factor was the continued liberal receipts in the Northwest. The New York bank statement, though very favorable, did not seem to help the market. The rain had a weakening influence, as it was beneficial for the seeding. The receipts at primary markets for the week were about 100,000 bushels larger than a week ago, and the exports smaller, and on this basis it is estimated that the visible supply will show an increase of about 1,250,000 to 1,500,000 bushels on Monday.

Corn started at yesterday's closing prices and, under a fair demand, and especially for the near futures, advanced %@%c, reacted 40%c, ruled firmer and closed with full %c gain. It was raining in most places in the corn belt, and for a while, it is thought, the receipts at interior points will be small. The elevator people, led by Armour & Co. and Harvey & Co., were sellers of

Oats held steady until nearly the close, when the weakness in other grains and the estimate of 440 cars for Monday caused fair selling. Values receded 1/40%c, and the market closed easy at the inside figures.

The packers had the provision market to themselves. There were but 60,000 hogs at the yards, and this gave a firmer feeling at the start. Then Hately and the Anglo-American Company began buying, evidently to establish a higher level of prices. The stocks of products are expected to show very low on Monday, with a further decrease in all but ribs probable. It was claimed that the fact of the new regulation with reference to "piggy sows" going into effect on Monday had a strengthening effect, on the ground that it will cause a decrease of at least 10 per cent. in the arrivals of hogs at all Western markets. Freights were steady, with a fair de-

corn to Buffalo. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 200 ears; corn, 940 cars; oats, 440 cars; hogs, 23,000. The leading futures ranged as fol-

mand at 24@24c for wheat and 2@24c for

Options.	Op'ning	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
Wheat-Sept.	6614	6612	6618	
Dec	6912		6914	693
May	767g		7658	765
Corn-Fept	3912		3919	40
Oct	2934	4038	3931	401
Dec	4014			407
May	44	4438		44
Oats-Sept	2814			28
Oct	2814			28
Dec	2834			
May	3214	324	3178	32
Pork-Sept	******	******	******	\$16.50
Oct		******		15.20
Jan	\$13.80	\$13.9212		13.921
Lard-Sept	9.2712			
Oct	9.20	9.2712		9.274
Jan	7.9712			8.071
S'ribs-Sept	9.25	9.3712	9.25	9.371
Oct	8.85	8.85	8.85	8,85
Jan	7.1719	7.2712	7.15	7.291

664c; No. 3 spring wheat, nominal; No. 2 red, 66%c; No. 2 corn, 40c; No. 2 oats, 28c; No. 2 white, 30c; No. 3 white, 28@2816c; No. 2 rye, 47c; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, f. o. b., 38@53c; No. 4, f. o. b., 38@43c; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.05; prime timothy seed, \$3.30@ 3.35; mess pork, per bri, \$16.50@16.55; lard, per 1b. 9.271/2003.40c; short-rib sides (loose). 9.371/2@9.50c; dry-salted shoulders (boxed). 7.37%c; short-clear sides (boxed), 10.75c; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal \$1.12; sugars unchanged. On the Produce Exchange, to-day, the but-

ter market was firm; creameries, 26@29c; dairy, 16@26c. Eggs firm at 19@20c.

Receipts-Flour, 12,000 brls; wheat, 118,000 bu; corn, 499,000 bu; oats, 323,000 bu; rye, 9.000 bu; barley, 75,000 bu. Shipments-Flour, 23,000 bu; wheat, 183,000 bu; corn, 536,000 bu; oats, 609,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 19,000

AT NEW YORK.

Ruling Prices in Produce at the Senboard's Commercial Metropolis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 .- Flour-Receipts, 30,900 packages; exports, 41,000 bris; sales, 9,600 packages. The market was dull and heavy; winter wheat low grades, \$1.85@ 2.55; low extras, \$2.65@2.55; winter wheat, fair to fancy, \$2.55@3.55; city mills, \$3.90@ 3.95; winter wheat patents, \$3.50@4.10; city patents, \$4.35@4.60; Minnesota clear, \$2.60@ 3.10 rye mixtures, \$3@3.50; Minnesota straights, \$3.40@4.10; superfine, \$1.90@2.35; Minnesota patents, 4@4.40; fine, \$1.85@2.20. Cornmeal steady; yellow Western, \$2.60@ 2.75; Brandywine, \$2.85.

Rye steady; Western boatloads, 54@55c. Barley malt steady; Western, 65@80c; two rowed State, 70@75c; six rowed State, 80@

Wheat-Receipts, 81,400 bu; exports, 179,400 bu. Sales, 430,000 bu futures; 40,000 bu spot. The spot market was steady, with small demand. No. 3 red, in store and in elevator, 72c; affoat, 72c; f. o. b.,72c; ungraded red, 69 @72c; No. 1 Northern, 731/sc. Options opened dull at 14c decline on decrease in Bradstreet's report of exports, showing a total of 340,000 bu, making 62,554,000 bu since July 1: cloed dull at 4c decline. No. 2 red, October, 71 13-16@72 1-16c, closing at 71%c; November, 75 3-16@75 7-16c, closing at 751/4c. Corn-Receipts, 165,400 bu; exports, 4,000 bu. Sales, 465,000 bu futures; 26,000 bu spot. Spots were dull and easy; No. 2, 49@491/4c in elevator, 49@4914c affoat. Options were dull

but steady early on rais West, easing off at the close; October, 4814@48%c, closing at 481/4c; November, 481/4@481/4c, closing at 485/4c; December, 43% @49%c, closing at 49c; May, 50% 2511 c. closing at 51c. Oats-Receipts, 175,000 bu. Sales, 100,000

bu futures, 36,000 bu spot. Spot 1c lower for mixed, and dull. Options dull and about steady; October, 341/2@34%c, closing at 341/c; December, 34%@34%c, closing at 34%c; May, 371/46, closing at 371/4c; No. 2 white, 37c; No. 2 Chicago, 36c; No. 3, 34c; No. 3 white, 36c; mixed Western, 3514@37c; white Western, 37@40c. Hay dull; shipping, 55@65c; good to choice,

Hops dull; State, common to choice, 1970

24c: Pacific coast, 19@22c Hides steady; wet salted New Orleans selected, 46 to 60 lbs, 4@5c; Buenos Ayres dry, 21 to 24 lbs, 11c; Texas dry, 21 to 27 lbs, 7c. Leather steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres light to heavy weights, 14@19c. Cut meats firm; pickled bellies, 12@13c: pickled shoulders, 74@74c; pickled hams, 10@104c. Lard steady; Western steam closed at 9.85c; sales, 500 tierces; September closed at 9.85c. Pork quiet; new mess, \$18@

creamery, 281/2029c; Western dairy, 17@21c; Western creamery, 21@29c; Western factory, 16@19%c; Elgin, 29c; imitation creamery, 18 @23c. Cheese dull; State, large and fancy. skims, 3@814c. Eggs firm and active; Western fresh, 22@221/2c; receipts, 3,749 packages. Tallow dull; city (\$2 per package), 54c. Cotton-seed oil dull; crude, 35@36c; yellow,

Rosin firm; strained common to good,\$1.10 Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra, 2%@

5%c; Japan, 4%@4%c. Molasses quiet; kettle, good to choice, 32@38c. Coffee-Options opened from unchanged to 10 points decline under disappointing cables, reacted on local coverings, and closed firm. Spot closed steady from unchanged to 15 points net advance. Sales, 5,500 bags, including: November, 16.25@16.35c; December, 15.75@ 15.90c. Spot Rio firm; No. 7, 181/4c. Sugars-Raw steady; fair refining, 3%c; centrifugals, 96 test, 3%c; refined steady; No. 6, 4%@4 15-16c; No. 7, 4 1-16@4%c; No. 8, 4%@
4 13-16c; No. 9, 4 9-16@4%c; No. 10, 4½@4 11-16c.
No. 11, 4 7-16@4%c; No. 12, 4%@4 5-16c; No.
13, 4c; off A, 4 13-16@5%c; mold A, 5%@
5 9-16c; Standard A, 5 1-16@5%c; confectioners' A, 5 1-16@54c; cut loaf, 5%@5 13-16c; crushed, 5%@5 13-16c; powdered, 5 7-16@5%c; granulated, 5 3-16@5%c; cubes, 5%@5%c.

TRADE IN GENERAL.

Quotations at St. Louis, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Other Points.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 30.-Longs were anxious to unload, pocket their losses and be free. Large local receipts, large re-ceipts at Duluth, weak markets at Chicago and the seaboard, and report of clearances and the seaboard, and report of clearances of wheat and flour showing a decrease for the week of about one million bushels, compared with the week previous, were the factors. Elevator companies sold freely against their cash purchases. December wheat opened at 63½6, but, after selling at 63½c, it fell to 63c and closed at that price. May opened at 70%c and closed at 70c. Track wheat closed: Hard, 62½c; No. 1 Northern, 61½c; No. 2 Northern, 59c. The cash market was fairly active. The demand was good from all interests at a slight decline from yesterday's ruling price, but there were considerable offerings which but there were considerable offerings which had to be carried over. No. 1 northern sold mostly at 61%c to 62c and No. 2 at 59c to 69c. Receipts here were sixty cars; shipments, 32 cars. Flour is slow; offers are plenty, but bids are too slow to be satisfactory. factory. Still, by concessions on both sides, a moderate amount is sold. Freight rates are steady. Minneapolis to London and Liverpool, 40c per 100 lbs. The weakness in wheat this forenoon tends to make buyers more reserved, but millers have not changed their asking prices. Shipments, 28,220 brls. First patents, \$3.60@4; second patents, 3.35@3.60; fancy and export bakers, \$1.90@2.30; low grades in bags, including Red Dog,\$1.30@1.45. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—Flour unchanged. Wheat—Cash firm at 62c; options closed %c lower; October, 62c; December, 65%@66c; May, 74c. Corn followed wheat and closed %c under yesterday's; cash, 36c; October, 35%c; December, 35%c; year, 35%c; May, 30%c. Oats about steady, but closed slow; cash and October, 27%c; December, 28c; May, 31%c. Rye steady, but none here. Barley quiet; sample lots of Iowa, 55@58c Bran firm at 59@60c. Hay unchanged. Flaxseed firm at \$1.03. Butter and eggs unchanged. Cornmeal quiet at \$1.80. Whisky steady at \$1.12. Bagging and cotton ties unchanged. Provisions easy and slow, but previous quotations unchanged. Receipts. Flour, 3,000 bris; wheat, 63,000 bu; corn, 63,000 bu; oats, 36,000 bu. Shipments-Flour, 7,000 bu; wheat, 9,000 bu; corn, 70,000 bu; cats, 13,000 bu.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Flour unchanged. Wheat weak; No. 2 red, spot, 70½c; September, 70½@70½c; October, 70½@70½c; November, 71¾@73c. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed, 48¾c; September and October, 48½@48¾c; November, 47¼@48c; December, 47½@47¾c; car lots steady at 49½@50c for No. 2 mixed, and 51½c for yellow. Oats steady; spot, 36@36½c; September, 36@36½c; October, 36¼@36¾c; November, 36½@37c. Hay steady; fair to choice, \$14@15. Butter firm at 28c for fancy tub. Eggs firm at 22c for fancy and 22c for Western. Receipts—Wheat, 15,555 bu; corn, 15,635 bu; oats, 16,-Wheat, 15,555 bu; corn, 15,635 bu; oats, 16,-000 bu; flour, 4,000 brls, 14,000 sacks. Shipments-Wheat, 14,839 bu; corn, 3,236 bu; oats, 18,377 bu; flour, none.

TOLEDO, Sept. 30.—Wheat dull and lower; No. 2, cash, 66c; October, 664c; December, 69%c; May, 77c. Corn dull and steady; No. 2, cash, 42½c. Oats quiet; cash, 29½c. Rye dull; cash, 49c. Cloverseed active and steady; prime, cash and October, \$5.471/2; January, \$5.771/2; February, \$5.871/2. Receipts
—Flour, 150 brls; wheat, 67,700 bu; corn, 23,531 bu; oats, 1,312 bu; rye, 2,574 bu; cloverseed, 1,784 bags. Shipments—Flour, 2,881 brls; wheat, 99,400 bu; corn, 26,818 bu; oats, 500; cloverseed, 871 bags.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—Flour steady. Wheat firm; by sample, 68@71c; on grade, 68@70c; red Western, steady; cash,69%@ 69½c; October, 69½@69¾c; December, 71@ 72%c. Corn—White nominal at 56c; yellow nominal at 55c. Oats strong; No. 2 mixed, 64½@65c; No. 2 white, 37@37½c, Hay, \$14.50 @16. Rye slow; No. 2, 52@53c. Provisions—No trading. Coffee steady; Rio, spot, No. 7, 18½@18¼c. Butter—Creamery, fancy, 28@ 29c; choice, 26@27c. Exes firm at 19@20c 29c; choice, 26@27c. Eggs firm at 19@20c CINCINNATI, Sept. 30.-Flour quiet. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red, 64c. Receipts, 5,-No. 2 mixed, 42½c. Oats barely steady; No. 2 mixed, 31c. Rye—No. 2, 51c. Provisions quiet. Whisky steady; sales 395 brls at \$1.12. Butter steady. Sugar firm. Eggs strong and higher at 15½@16c. Cheese firm. DETROIT, Sept. 30.—The market closed quiet. Wheat—No. 1, 66¼c; No. 2 red, 64c; December, 69c; May, 76¾c. Corn—No. 2, cash, 41½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 21¾c; No. 2 mixed, 25½c. Rye—No. 2, cash, 48c. Prime cloverseed, \$5.50. Receipts—Wheat, 38,000 bu; corn, 5,000 bu; oats, 15,000 bu.

Dry Goods. NEW YORK, Sept. 30.-As usual on Saturday, dealings in the dry-goods market were of a very moderate quantity in all lines. The close of the week shows that a little better result has been seen in domestic goods than last week. Print cloths have shown a small downward tendency, and, taking it right through, there has been a decided disposition to await the action of Congress before entering into fresh engagements. Cotton goods have been in fair demand during the week, and prices are fairly steady. Print cloths are flat and somewhat weaker, with sellers, at the close of the week, at 27c. Printed fabrics are in moderate demand. while ginghams and woven fabries are more active. The auction sale of woolen fabrics yesterday, as expected, proved a disappointment to sellers, and very little interest was shown to-day. In foreign dry goods there has been only a small trade during the week, with large sales the exception rather than the rule.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The petroleum market was steady; United closed at 69%c. Washington, per brl, \$5.45; Washington, in bulk, \$2.95. Refined-New York, \$5.15; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 5.10@5.15; New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, in bulk, \$2.60@2.65. Turpentine steady at 271/6028c. WILMINGTON, Sept. 30.—Rosin, strained, 80c; good strained, 85c bid. Spirits of turpentine firm at 24½c bid. Tar steady at \$1.10. Turpentine quiet; hard, \$1; soft, \$1.60;

PITTSBURG, Sept. 30.—National Transit Certificates opened at 68c; closed at 68%c; highest, 68%c; lowest, 68c. SAVANNAH, Sept. 30 .- Spirits of turpentine firm at 251/4c. Rosin firm at 95c.

Metals. NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Pig iron steady; American, \$12.25@14.50. Copper weak; lake, 9.70c. Lead easier; domestic, 3.65c. Tin steady; straits, 21c. Spelter quiet; domestic, ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.-Lead and spelter

steady at 3.50c. LIVE STOCK. Cattle Scarce and Quiet-Hogs Active and Higher-Sheep Strong. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 30.-Cattle-Re-

ceipts, 200; shipments, 400. But few fresh arrivals. The market was quiet at about yesterday's prices. Export grades..... \$4.25@4.75 Good to choice shippers..... 3.85/44.20 Fair to medium shippers..... 3.20@3.60 Common shippers 2.50@3.00 Stockers, common to good 2.00@2.75 Common thin heifers..... 1.50@2.00 Good to choice cows...... 2.60@3.00 Fair to medium cows 2.00@2.40

Hogs-Receipts, 1,000; shipments, 800. The quality was fair. The market opened active and higher, and closed steady, with all Light\$6.30@6.879 Mixed 6.30@6.80\$6,30@6,8714

Heavy...... 6.3076.80 Heavy roughs...... 4.50@5.85 Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, none; shipments, 300. But little doing for want of stock. Good grades were strong; others Good to choice sheep......\$3.00@3.50 Fair to medium sheep 2.75@3.00

Bucks, per head...... 2.0064.00

Elsewhere. LOUISVILLE, Sept. 30.—The market was steady and unchanged. Light shipping, Hogs-The market was strong. Choice packing and butchers', \$5.4026.45; fair to good packing, \$6,35@6.40 Sheep and Lambs-Good to extra ship-ping sheep, \$2.75@3; fair to good, \$2.25@5.50 extra lambs, \$3.65@3.85; fair to good, \$6@3.25. CHICAGO, Sept. 30 .- The Evening Journal reports: Cattle-Receipts, 1,500, barely

a sufficient number to make a market. Top

native steers, \$5.50@5.70; others, \$4.80@4.95; common, \$4@4.25; feeders, \$3.75; stockers,

Hogs-Receipts, 6,000. The market was steady. Mixed and packers, \$5.90@6.40; prime heavy and butchers' weights, \$5.50@6.70; prime light, \$6.65@6.80. Sheep-Receipts, 2,000, Natives, \$3@4.25; Westerns, \$2.75@3.90; lambs, \$2.25@5. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 30.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,800; shipments, 2,500. The market

was strong. Texas and shipping steers, \$2@5.40; Texas and native cows, \$1.35@3.05; butchers' stock, \$2.85@4.10; stockers and feeders, \$2.45@3.75. Hogs-Receipts, 3,400; shipments, 3,200. The market was 5@10c higher. Bulk, \$6.10 66.30; heavier packers and mixed, \$696.35; light Yorkers and pigs, \$4.8566.45. Sheep-Receipts, none; shipments, 1,000. The market was steady.

BUFFALO, Sept. 30.—Cattle strong and prospects good; nothing but common stock

Hogs—The market was higher. Yorkers, corn fed, \$7.05@7.20; grassy and Michigans, \$6.90@7; good mixed packers, \$7@7.10; choice heavy, 7.05@7.20; pigs, \$6.25@6.60.

Sheep—The market was quiet and lower for lambs and barely steady for sheep. Fair to good lambs, \$4.25@4.75; choice, \$5@ 5.25; fair to good sheep, \$3.25@3.75; extra weathers, \$4.

EAST LIBERTY, Sept. 30.—Cattle—Receipts, 940; shipments, 580. Nothing doing; all through consignments. Nineteen cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs-Receipts, 3,400; shipments, 2,100.

The market was fair. Best corn-fed, \$6.85@ 7; common to fair light, \$3.60@6.75. Six cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day. Sheep-Receipts, 1,800; shipments, 1,200. The market was steady and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—Cattle-Receipts, 600; shipments, 300. The market was steady. Fair to good native steers, \$4@4.75; Texans and Indian steers, \$2.50@3.10.

Hogs-Receipts, 200; shipments, 2,300. The market was strong. Light, \$6.30@6.65; mixed, \$6@6.50; heavy, \$6.10@6.40. Sheep-Receipts, 800; shipments, 100. The market was steady. Mixed, \$2.25@3.50; Texans, \$2@3; lambs, \$3@4.25.

INDIANA FAIRS.

The following is a list, with dates, of the various fairs of Indiana: Oct. 2 to 5-Elkhart County Agricultural Society Goshen; E. E. Drake, sec. Oct. 2 to 6-Lagrange Fair Association; Lagrange C. H. Smith, sec. Cet, 3 to 6-Carroll County Fair Association Camden: D. T. Sanderson, sec. Oct. 3 to 6-Marshall County Agricultural and Industrial Asso't'n; Plymouth; S. N. Stevens, sec. Oct. 3 to 7-Huntington County Agricultural Society; Huntington; H. M. Purviance, sec. Oct. 3 to 6-Lake County Agricultural Association; Crown Point; W. C. Nicholson, sec. Oct. 3 to 6-Maxinkuckee Agricultural Association; Culver Park; E. S. Freeze, sec.

Oct. 3 to 7-Vermillion County Joint Stock Associa-tion; Newport; J. Richardson, sec. Oct. 3 to 6-Marshall County Agricultural and In dustrial Associat'n; Plymouth; S. N. Stephens, 893 Oct. 4 to 7—Whitley County Joint Association; Columbia City; F. J. Heller, sec. Oct. 9 to 14—Knox County Agricultural and Mechanical Society; Vincennes; J. W. Emison, sec. Oct. 9 to 13—Northeastern Indiana Agricultural Association; Waterloo; J. G. Johnson, sec. Oct. 10 to 13—Northeastern Fair, Association; Bourger, 10 to 14—Northeastern Fair, Association; Bourger, 10 to 15—Northeastern Fair, 10 to 15— Oct. 10 to 13-The Bourbon Fair Association; Bourbon; G. D. Ettinger, sec. Oct. 11 to 13-Farmers' Unoin Fair Association; New Carlisle; W. H. Deacon, sec.

STUDENTS THE WORLD OVER. The Element of Unrest That Exists in the Latin Quarter of Paris.

Boston Advertiser. Whoever wishes to obtain a clear idea of Parisian student life, or at least that phase of it which is just now brought to the world's attention in consequence of the riots in the Latin quarter, would do well to read Victor Hugo's "Les Miserables." Those who have read that remarkable and justly famous book will find it worth while to reperuse those chapters which describe the "surprise" given by Thalymes and his three fellow-students to Fantine and her three feminine associates, together with the account of the barricade erected by students during the attempted revolution of 1830. Victor Hugo's fascinating story is a picture drawn from life, as abundant testimony proves. But in studying it care must be taken to avoid mistaking a part for the whole. That mistake is what has led to such false and mischievous interpretations of "The Fast Set at Harvard," and other printed descriptions of certain phases of American undergraduate life.

Grantaire, who drinks two bottles of wine at a single sitting and the hiccough out a long harangue in which he argues with a considerable display of learning and eloquence, that God is a feeble and shortsighted being, that things are the only realities, and that to get drunk is the summum bonum, no doubt represents an actual and not inconsiderable variety of young men who are always to be found in the far-famed Latin quarter of Paris. But at Grantaire's elbow sits Eujolras, who is sober, chaste, studious, brave unto martyrdom for the principles of human liberty as he understands them, brilliant and eloquent with an inspiration that is as much loftier in its source than the fumes of alchohol, as the eagle's flight is higher than that of the dunghill fowl. Every enlightened country has peculiari-

ties of university life that deserve sepa-rate analysis and comparison one with another. One peculiarity in France is that university life there centers in the capital. It is not so to anything like the same extent in any other great nation. In Germany there are half a dozen or more universities scattered widely in situation, each of which is a rival of the University of Berlin, and some, as Tubington and Halle, enjoy a far greater reputation. In England, Oxford and Cambridge, both comparatively remote from the capital, are still, as they have been for many centuries, the chief seats of learning; while London University is of very recent origin, and though not without features of striking excellence, is as yet neither famous, influential nor largely attended. Indeed, it is not a university at all in the sense of the word usually cepted on either side of the Atlantic. In America, as is well known, neither our political nor our commercial capital is a chief center of academic activity. For these reasons, if for no other, there could not possibly be such a state of things in any other city on the globe as has lately been witnessed in Paris, where an outbreak of students successfully defied the whole police force of the city, made headway for a time against battalions of soldiers, menaced the legislative assembly and came near to caus-ing an overturn of the existing government. Another peculiarity is that in Paris students are at once more homogeneous in their mode of life than elsewhere. They are more homogeneous because they are massed in a single section of the city to a degree not known out of Paris, an aggregation that includes many thousands and is not confined to the representatives of any one institution of learning. And they are less homogeneous in that they do not dwell in dormitories and are not responsible to any recognized central authority. This last is true in a measure of university life in Germany and the United States, but to a far smaller extent.

Smut in Corn.

Philadelphia Record. In some sections the corn crop is not harvested, and as this is an excellent time to use preventive measures against the recurrence of smut in corn, by removing the infected stalks from the fields and burning them, it is well to call attention to some of the efforts that have been made in the corn-growing States to eradicate smut, Nebraska having made some valuable experiments at her agricultural station, the results of which are important to all farmers who grow corn. The smut of corn has long been known, being distributed over the whole United States, and in Europe and Asia, the injury to the corn often being as much as 40 per cent. It is also affirmed by leading scientists that the rust of wheat and the smut of corn are identical in many respects, and that where the wheat crop is affected the corn crop will also be liable, but opinions are not unanimous on the claim. Disseminated by spores, the black pow-

der of smut, which is so familiar to every farmer who has grown corn, consists of spores, the ball of smut being really a ball of seeds, as the spores reproduce smut as the seeds reproduce ordinary plants, and these spores may grow in the manure and liquids of the barnyard for an indefinite period. The smut enters the corn when it is very young, penetrating the soft tissues of the lowest joint and the root of the small plant, and does not pass from plant to plant in the cornfield, as has long been supposed. It is plain, then, that in order to prevent smut the spores must be destroyed the year previous to growing a crop of corn. Smut is not considered an active poison when eaten by cattle, but opinions differ as to its harmfulness, some claiming that it is liable to induce abortion among cows. If animals eat the smut, however, they will distribute the spores in their droppings, which will remain in the fields if the cattle are loose, or be added to the manure in the

heap at the barnyard.

The ground must be protected against receiving spores. Outward applications to the corn plants will not avail, as the fun-gus is inside of the plants, where no substances can reach it, hence smut can only be prevented by destroying all affected starks upon the first indication of the run gus. Rotation of crops, instead of growing grain on the same plot every season, will prevent the smut from increasing, but the surest method is to consign to the flames every stalk that is not entirely free from smut, and the smut balls must never be allowed to open in the fields. The seed corn must be perfectly free from contamination with the spores, and even as late in the season as this month it will pay to cull out the affected stalks and burn them, and by following up the work next spring, carefully observing for the first appearance of smut, it may be stamped out in two or three seasons.

THE

INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL

DAILY.

SUNDAY

WEEKLY

The Journal's price for daily is only 15 cents a week, and it has a very wide circulation, reaching a large number of people hitherto unable to afford the luxury of a first-class daily paper. Reports from agents and subscribers indicate a continued increase, and that what used to be regarded as a luxury has become a necessity. The new readers not only remain, but they are constantly increasing.

It is the purpose of the Journal to make itself even more indispensable to its patrons, new and old, and to still further widen its field. To this end it will not only endeavor to maintain the characteristics which have established its reputation as by far the best newspaper in Indiana, but will add such new features and improvements from time to time as are in accord with journalistic progress and that may tend to the advantage of its readers. It will, for example, give increased attention to State and local interests. What Indianians want is a paper in which Indiana affairs given are especial prominence and importance. This want the Journal has always supplied as no other paper published outside or inside the State is able to do; but the rapidly developing industries and business and social enterprises of the community call for additional consideration and space, With this in view its corps of correspondents has been increased until ithas a representative in nearly every town in the State Special traveling correspondents will visit the news centers of the State at frequent intervals, thus insuring the "write up" of every important event or matter of general interest.

Being published in the geographical center of Indiana the Journal is afforded unusual facilities for securing news promptly, and, what is of greater consequence, is able to reach its subscribers without delay. The running of moraing trains from Indianapolis is very favorable to the early distribution of papers sent by mail or express, and in most towns within a radius of a hundred miles Journals are delivered as early as in the city where they are printed. In the more remote counties there is but little loss of time in trans-

portation. The Journal is the paper for Indianians and particularly for Indiana Republicans. The change of administration involves the settlement of political problems likely to be of the most direct personal concern to every farmer and business man in the State. All such matters will be set forth in detail, the Journal's Washington corrsspondent being instructed to give especial attention to every hing having

a possible bearing on Indiana interests. But though the Journal is Republican in politics it is non-partisan in the publication of news. Its constantendeavor is to secure facts unbiased by prejudice and to make its columns trustworthy records of each day's happenings. A large editorial force supplements the work of the press associations and the correspondents, and furnishes careful supervision for each department.

The Sunday Journal has a well-established literary character, superior to that of any Western paper. It is not defaced by "plate matter" nor fille! with a heterogeneous mass of syndicate literature, but its contributions and miscellany are chosen with a view to their special fitness and adaptability to the tastes of the readers. The reading matter in any given number of the Sunday Journal is equal in quantity and is not inferior in quality to that found in the leading magazines. As an educational adjunct and a source of entertainment the Sunday Journal is indispensable in every well-regulated family.

The Weekly Journal, at \$1 per year, contains more reading matter than can be obtained for the money in any other shape. It is carefully edited and offer the news of the week in condensed shape and a variety of miscellany, agricultural and household literature that render it one of the best invest. ments that any family can make. Try it and see. It has a large circulation in this and other States and agents find it an easy matter to secure large lists of subscribers. Special inducements offered to agents. Circulars sent on appli-

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